

Safety Data Sheet

ISSUE DATE: 03/09/2024

HAND SANITISER GEL

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1. Identification

GHS Product identifier	Hand Sanitiser Gel
Company Name	Blue Lion Supplies Pty. Ltd.
Address	Fact. 3, 29 Barry Street, BAYSWATER, VIC 3153
Telephone	(03) 9738 3900
Fax Number	(03) 9720 1799
Contact	Leigh Gillman
Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use	Ethanol based gel for Hand Sanitising
Other Names	Ethanol Solution
Other Information	Emergency contact: Mobile: 0447 719 987

2. Hazard Identification

GHS classification of the substance/mixture	Flammable liquids Category 1 Skin irritation Category 2 Eye irritation Category 2A
Signal Word (s)	DANGER
Hazard Statement(s)	H224 Highly flammable liquid and vapour H319 Causes serious eye irritation

Risk Phrases

Pictogram (s) GHS02



Precautionary statement - P280 Wear eye protection.

Prevention

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.
P233 Keep container tightly closed.
P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting/ equipment.
P242 Use only non-sparking tools.
P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

Response

P305 + P351 Remove/ Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower.
P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Seek medical attention.
P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam for extinction.

Storage P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Disposal P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Chemical Characterization Ethanol solution

<u>Hazardous ingredients</u>	<u>Name</u>	<u>CAS no.</u>	<u>Proportion</u>	<u>Hazard symbol</u>	<u>Risk phrase</u>
	Ethanol	64-17-5	70%		

Other non hazardous ingredients up to 100%

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4. First-aid measures

Ingestion:	Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician.
Skin:	Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a physician.
Eye contact	Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician.
Inhalation	If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician.
First Aid Facilities	Maintain eyewash fountain and safety shower in work area.
Advice to Doctor	Treat symptomatically. Consult Poisons Information Centre
Other Information	For advice, contact the National Poisons Information Centre (Phone Australia 13 11 26 and New Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media	Use extinguishing media most appropriate for the surrounding fire. Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide. If safe to do so, move undamaged containers from the fire area. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after the fire is out.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Highly Flammable. Vapours are heavier than air and may form explosive mixtures with air. Contact with an ignition source may cause flashback along the vapour trail. Contact with oxidising agents may result in fire and the emission of carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and other products of combustion.
Precautions in connection with fire	Wear SCBA and chemical splash suit. Fully encapsulating, gas-tight suits should be worn for maximum protection. Structural firefighter's uniform is NOT effective for these materials.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions	Use personal protective equipment. Avoid breathing vapours, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapours can accumulate in low areas. For personal protection see section 8.
Personal Protection	Wear protective clothing specified for normal operations (see Section 8)
Clean-up Methods- Small Spillages	Contain spillage, and then collect with an electrically protected vacuum cleaner or by wet-brushing and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section13).
Clean-up Methods- Large Spillages	Seek expert advice on handling and disposal.
Environmental Precautions	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for Safe Handling	Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take measures to prevent the buildup of Electrostatic charge.
Conditions for safe storage	Store in cool place. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Keep in fireproof place.
Incompatible products	Strong bases. Strong acids.
Incompatible materials	Alkali metals, Ammonia, Oxidizing agents, Peroxides
Packaging materials	SUITABLE MATERIAL: stainless steel. aluminium. iron. copper. nickel. synthetic material. glass.

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8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limit values

Name	STEL		TWA		Footnote
	mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	

Other exposure Information

The exposure value at the TWA is the average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over a normal 8 hour working day for a 5 day working week.

Appropriate engineering Controls

In industrial situations maintain the concentrations values below the TWA. This may be achieved by process modification, use of local exhaust ventilation, capturing substances at the source, or other methods.

Personal Protective Equipment

Final choice of personal protective equipment will depend on individual circumstances and/or according to risk assessments undertaken.

Respiratory Protection

Where ventilation is not adequate, respiratory protection may be required. Avoid breathing dust, vapours or mists. Respiratory protection should comply with AS 1716 - Respiratory Protective Devices and be selected in accordance with AS 1715 - Selection, Use and Maintenance of Respiratory Protective Devices. Filter capacity and respirator type depends on exposure levels. In event of emergency or planned entry into unknown concentrations a positive pressure, full-face piece SCBA should be used. If respiratory protection is required; institute a complete respiratory protection program including selection, fit testing, training, maintenance and inspection.

Eye Protection

The use of a face shield, chemical goggles or safety glasses with side shield protection as appropriate.

Hand Protection

Must comply with Australian Standards AS 1337 and be selected and used in accordance with AS1336. Avoid skin contact when removing gloves from hands, do not touch the gloves outer surface. Dispose of gloves as hazardous waste. Hand protection should comply with AS 2161, Occupational protective gloves - Selection, use and maintenance.

Footwear

Recommendation: Nitrile rubber gloves. Safety boots in industrial situations is advisory, foot protection should comply with AS 2210, Occupational protective footwear - Guide to selection, care and use.

Body Protection

Clean clothing or protective clothing should be worn, preferably with an apron. Clothing for protection against chemicals should comply with AS 3765 Clothing for Protection Against Hazardous Chemicals.

Hygiene Measures

Do not eat, drink or smoke in work areas. Wash hands thoroughly after handling this material. Maintain good housekeeping.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Form	Soft light green clear gel. May be aerated
Appearance	Colourless
Odour	Alcohol odour
Melting Point	No data
Boiling Point	No data
Flash point	19.5 °C - closed cup
Vapour Pressure	No data
Solubility	No data
Specific Gravity	No data
pH	Not available
Odour Threshold	No data
Flammability	Highly flammable
Molecular Weight	No data

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10. Stability and reactivity

Chemical Stability	Stable under normal use conditions. Hygroscopic
Conditions to Avoid	Heat, flames and sparks. Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight. Incompatibles.
Incompatible Materials	Alkali metals, Ammonia, Oxidizing agents, Peroxides
Hazardous Decomposition products	Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide. May release flammable gases.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Not established.
Hazardous Polymerization	Will not occur.

11. Toxicological Information

Acute toxicity	Harmful if swallowed.
Ethanol (64-17-5)	LD50 oral rat 10740 mg/kg (Rat; Experimental value) LD50 dermal rabbit > 16000 mg/kg (Rabbit)
Inhalation	Inhalation at levels at or exceeding the Occupational Exposure limits or any deliberate ingestion is known to lead to health effects which may be evident in them, or lead to impaired functioning and consequent safety risks in the industrial setting. A blood alcohol level in excess of 0.05g\100ml is regarded as likely to impair functioning for tasks such as operating machinery. Vapour may be irritating to mucous membranes and respiratory tract. Inhalation of the vapour may result in drunkenness, (see effects of swallowing above) or headache, nausea, in coordination, narcosis (sleepiness) and vomiting. Early signs or symptoms may occur at airborne levels of 1000 to 5000 ppm. Ongoing or repeated exposures at high concentrations may cause central nervous symptoms similar to 'swallowed' above. Deliberate inhalation of the vapour is a known occupational risk.
Skin	No irritant and Non sensitising. If skin condition produces irritation discontinue use.
Eye	Vapours may irritate the eyes. Symptoms may include redness, excessive tearing, and stinging, swelling and blurred vision.
Ingestion	Accidental swallowing can cause drunkenness or central nervous system effects, including excitation, euphoria, headache, dizziness, drowsiness, blurred vision and fatigue. Inhalation May cause intoxication with symptoms as described above.
Carcinogenicity	No data
Reproductive toxicity	No data
Effects on Newborn	Drug dependence.

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12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity	No data available.
Persistence and degradability	No data available.
Acute Toxicity	Ethanol (64-17-5)
	LC50 fishes 1 14200 mg/l (96 h; Pimephales promelas; Nominal concentration)
	EC50 Daphnia 1 9300 mg/l (48 h; Daphnia magna)
	LC50 fish 2 13000 mg/l 96 h; Salmo gairdneri (Oncorhynchus mykiss)
	EC50 Daphnia 2 10800 mg/l (24 h; Daphnia magna)
	Threshold limit other aquatic organisms 1 : 65 mg/l (72 h; Protozoa)
	Threshold limit algae 1 : 1450 mg/l (192 h; Microcystis aeruginosa; Growth rate)
	Threshold limit algae 2: 5000 mg/l (168 h; Scenedesmus quadricauda; Growth rate)

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal Considerations	Avoid release of product to the environment. Product and containers not suitable for landfill. Recycle/reuse empty containers where possible. Stored empty containers are to be treated as hazardous waste. Remove waste in accordance with local and/or national regulations by an authorized company. Hazardous waste shall not be mixed together with other waste.
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14. Transport information

U.N. Number	1170
UN proper shipping name	ETHANOL SOLUTION
Transport hazard class(es)	3 Flammable liquid
Hazchem Code	2Y
Packing Group	II

15. Regulatory information

Regulatory Information	Listed in the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS).
Poisons Schedule	S6

16. Other Information

Date of preparation or last revision of SDS 03/09/2024

References	National Road Transport Commission, 'Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail 7th. Ed.', 2007. 'Labeling of Hazardous Workplace Chemicals, Code of Practice' Safe Work Australia. Safe Work Australia, 'Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous Substances [NOHSC:1008(2004)]'. Safe Work Australia, 'Hazardous Substances Information System, 2005'. Safe Work Australia, 'National Code of Practice for the Labeling of Safe Work Hazardous Substances (2011)'.
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Empirical Formula & Structural Formula	Formula : C2H6O
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THIS MSDS SUMMARISES OUR BEST KNOWLEDGE OF THE HEALTH AND SAFETY HAZARD INFORMATION OF THE PRODUCT AND HOW TO SAFELY USE THE PRODUCT IN THE WORKPLACE. EACH USER MUST REVIEW THIS MSDS IN THE CONTEXT OF HOW THE PRODUCT WILL BE HANDLED AND USED IN THE WORKPLACE. IF CLARIFICATION OR FURTHER INFORMATION IS NEEDED TO ENSURE THAT AN APPROPRIATE RISK ASSESSMENT CAN BE MADE, THE USER SHOULD CONTACT THIS COMPANY SO WE CAN ATTEMPT TO OBTAIN ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FROM OUR SUPPLIERS.