

# Safety Data Sheet

ISSUE DATE: 20/08/2015

## CHLORCLEAN

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### 1. Identification

<b>GHS Product identifier</b>	Chlorclean
<b>Company Name</b>	Blue Lion Supplies Pty. Ltd.
<b>Address</b>	Fact. 3, 29 Barry Street, Bayswater, VICTORIA 3153
<b>Telephone</b>	(03) 9720 1577
<b>Fax Number</b>	(03) 9720 1799
<b>Contact</b>	Jim Gillman
<b>Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use</b>	Concentrated chlorinated detergent. Concentrated, heavy duty cleaner and sanitiser for use in food processing plants and other food related operations. Dilutions: Foam cleaning - 1 part to 10 parts water; Pressure washing - 1 part to 20 parts water; Manual washing - 1 part to 100 parts water.
<b>Other Names</b>	None
<b>Other Information</b>	Emergency contact:                      Mobile: 0412 646 246

### 2. Hazard Identification

This material is hazardous according to Safe Work Australia.

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for Transport by Road and Rail.

<b>GHS classification of the substance/mixture</b>	Acute aquatic toxicity)	Category 1
	Skin Corrosion	Sub Category 1B
	Eye irritation	Category 1

**Signal Word (s)** DANGER

**Hazard Statement(s)** H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.  
H400 Very toxic to aquatic life

**R phrases** R31 Contact with acids liberates toxic gas  
R34 Causes burns



<b>Precautionary statement - Prevention</b>	P234 Keep only in original container. P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. P264 Wash thoroughly after handling. P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
<b>Precautionary statement- Response</b>	P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing, Rinse skin with water/shower. P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. P321 Specific treatment (see First Aid Measures on Safety Data Sheet). P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P390 Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.
<b>Precautionary statement- Storage</b>	P405 Store locked up. P406 Store in corrosive resistant container with a resistant inner liner.
<b>Disposal</b>	P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

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### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

<u>Hazardous ingredients</u>	<u>Name</u>	<u>CAS no.</u>	<u>Proportion</u>	<u>Hazard symbol</u>	<u>Risk phrase</u>
	Sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	LOW	C	R34
	Sodium hypochlorite	7681-52-9	LOW	C N	R31 R34

KEY: Proportion, (wt %) - V HIGH >60, HIGH 30 - 60, MED 10 -29, LOW 1-9, V LOW <1

Non hazardous ingredient to 100%

### 4. First-aid measures

<b>Ingestion:</b>	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water immediately. Give water to drink. DO NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, have victim lean forward to reduce risk of aspiration. If vomiting occurs give further water to achieve effective dilution. Seek immediate medical assistance.
<b>Skin:</b>	Wash affected areas with copious quantities of water immediately. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before re-use. Seek urgent medical assistance. Cover skin with an emollient.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Immediately irrigate with copious quantity of water for at least 15 minutes. Eyelids to be held open. Seek immediate medical assistance. If available, a neutral saline solution may be used to flush the contaminated eye/s an additional 30 minutes.
<b>First Aid Facilities</b>	Maintain eyewash fountain and safety shower in work area.
<b>Advice to Doctor</b>	Treat symptomatically. Can cause corneal burns. Ingestion releases hypochlorous acid which is irritating to mucous membranes and skin but has low systemic toxicity. Inhalation may be followed by pulmonary oedema. Treat symptomatically as for strong alkalis. Consult Poisons Information Centre. In severe cases, where excessive amounts of sodium hydroxide have been ingested, endoscopy should be performed to determine the severity of the oesophageal burns.
<b>Other Information</b>	For advice, contact the National Poisons Information Centre (Phone Australia 13 11 26 and New Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor.

### 5. Fire-fighting measures

<b>Hazards from Combustion</b>	May liberate toxic fumes in fire.
<b>Suitable extinguishing media</b>	Not combustible, however, if material is involved in a fire use: Fine water spray, normal foam, dry agent (carbon dioxide, dry chemical powder). Small fire: Use dry chemical, CO2 or water spray. Large fire: Use water spray, fog or foam - DO NOT use water jets. If safe to do so, move undamaged containers from the fire area. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after the fire is out.
<b>Specific hazards arising from the chemical</b>	Not combustible, however following evaporation of aqueous component residual material can decompose if involved in a fire, emitting toxic fumes. Contact with metals may liberate hydrogen gas which is extremely flammable. Decomposes on heating emitting toxic fumes, including those of chlorine.
<b>Hazchem Code</b>	2R
<b>Precautions in connection with fire</b>	Wear SCBA and chemical splash suit. Fully encapsulating, gas-tight suits should be worn for maximum protection. Structural firefighter's uniform is NOT effective for these materials.

### 6. Accidental release measures

<b>Emergency procedures</b>	Clear area of all unprotected personnel.
<b>Environmental Precautions</b>	
<b>Personal Precautions</b>	If contamination of sewers or waterways has occurred advise local emergency services.
<b>Personal Protection</b>	Avoid contact with skin. Avoid contact with eyes. Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Wear full protective equipment to prevent skin and eye contact and breathing in vapours. Work up wind or increase ventilation.

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### Clean-up Methods-

#### Small spillages

Contain - prevent run off into drains and waterways. Use absorbent (soil, sand or other inert material). Collect and seal in properly labelled containers or drums for disposal. Caution - heat may be evolved on contact with water.

#### Large Spillages

Seek expert advice on handling and disposal.

## 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for Safe

#### Handling

Avoid skin and eye contact and breathing in vapour, mists and aerosols.

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

This material is a Scheduled Poison S5 and must be stored, maintained and used in accordance with the relevant regulations.

Store in cool place and out of direct sunlight. Store away from incompatible materials described in Section 10.

Store away from foodstuffs. Do not store in aluminium or galvanised containers or use die-cast zinc or aluminium bungs; plastic bungs should be used. At temperatures greater than 40°C, tanks must be stress relieved. Keep containers closed when not in use - check regularly for leaks.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Occupational exposure limit values

Name	STEL		TWA		Footnote
	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	ppm	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	ppm	
Sodium hydroxide				2	Peak limitation
Chlorine gas			3	1	Peak limitation

### Other exposure Information

A time weighted average (TWA) has been established for Sodium hydroxide (Safe Work Australia) of 2mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Peak Limitation - a ceiling concentration which should not be exceeded over a measurement period which should be as short as possible but not exceeding 15 minutes. The exposure value at the TWA is the average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over a normal 8 hour working day for a 5 day working week.

### Appropriate engineering Controls

In industrial situations maintain the concentrations values below the TWA. This may be achieved by process modification, use of local exhaust ventilation, capturing substances at the source, or other methods.

### Personal Protective Equipment

Final choice of personal protective equipment will depend on individual circumstances and/or according to risk assessments undertaken.

#### Respiratory Protection

Where ventilation is not adequate, respiratory protection may be required. Avoid breathing dust, vapours or mists. Respiratory protection should comply with AS 1716 - Respiratory Protective Devices and be selected in accordance with AS 1715 - Selection, Use and Maintenance of Respiratory Protective Devices. Filter capacity and respirator type depends on exposure levels. In event of emergency or planned entry into unknown concentrations a positive pressure, full-face piece SCBA should be used. If respiratory protection is required; institute a complete respiratory protection program including selection, fit testing, training, maintenance and inspection.

#### Eye Protection

The use of a face shield, chemical goggles or safety glasses with side shield protection as appropriate. Must comply with Australian Standards AS 1337 and be selected and used in accordance with AS 1336.

#### Hand Protection

Avoid skin contact when removing gloves from hands, do not touch the gloves outer surface. Dispose of gloves as hazardous waste.

Hand protection should comply with AS 2161, Occupational protective gloves - Selection, use and maintenance.

Recommendation: Rubber or plastic gloves.

#### Footwear

Safety boots in industrial situations is advisory, foot protection should comply with AS 2210, Occupational protective footwear - Guide to selection, care and use.

#### Body Protection

Clean clothing or protective clothing should be worn, preferably with an apron. Clothing for protection against chemicals should comply with AS 3765 Clothing for Protection Against Hazardous Chemicals.

Issued by Blue Lion Supplies Pty. Ltd.

ABN 65 099 391 572

Revision No. 1

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### Hygiene Measures

Do not eat, drink or smoke in work areas. Wash hands thoroughly after handling this material. Maintain good housekeeping.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

<b>Appearance and Odour</b>	Clear, pale straw yellow, slightly viscous liquid with chlorine odour.
<b>Boiling Point/</b>	
<b>Melting Point (° C)</b>	Not Available
<b>Vapour Pressure</b>	Not Available
<b>% Volatile by volume</b>	88
<b>Specific Gravity</b>	1.13 g/cm <sup>3</sup>
<b>pH (concentrate)</b>	12.5 - 13.5
<b>pH (use in dilution of )</b>	12 - 12.5 (1:10) 11.5 - 12 (1:20) 10 - 10.5 (1:100)
<b>Solubility in water</b>	Complete
<b>Other Data</b>	Contains 5% available chlorine.
<b>Flash Point (° C)</b>	None, Non-flammable

## 10. Stability and reactivity

<b>Reactivity</b>	Reacts violently with acids. Contact with acids liberates toxic gas.
<b>Chemical stability</b>	Stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure. . The amount of available chlorine diminishes over time.
<b>Possibility of hazardous Reactions</b>	Hazardous polymerisation will not occur. Reacts exothermically with acids. Decomposes on heating to produce chlorine gas.
<b>Conditions to avoid</b>	Avoid contact with foodstuffs. Avoid contact with other chemicals. Avoid contact with acids.
<b>Incompatible materials</b>	React with acids producing poisonous gaseous chlorine. Contamination and exposure to light and heat accelerates decomposition. Mildly corrosive to most metals and paints. Will react with peroxides, metal salts and reducing agents.
<b>Hazardous decomposition Products</b>	Chlorine gas.

## 11. Toxicological Information

No adverse health effects expected if the product is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet and the product label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the product is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:

<b>Swallowed</b>	Swallowing can result in irritating mouth, oesophagus and stomach. Headaches and nausea possible.
<b>Eye</b>	In the concentrated form is an irritant to eyes and mucous membranes. Inflammation of the eye tissue is characterised by redness, watering and/or itching. Repeated or prolonged eye exposure may produce chronic inflammation or eye tissue damage.
<b>Skin</b>	In the concentrated form, prolonged skin contact without rinsing may irritate skin upon contact. Skin inflammation is characterized by a burning sensation, itching, scaling or reddening. Dermatitis may develop depending on the individual's sensitivity.
<b>Inhaled</b>	Not normally an exposure route. Spray mists may produce upper respiratory irritation characterised by sore throat or difficulty in breathing.
<b>Acute toxicity</b>	No LD50 data available.
<b>Skin corrosion/irritation</b>	Severe irritant (rabbit).
<b>Chronic effects</b>	No information available for the product.

## 12. Ecological information

<b>Ecotoxicity</b>	Toxic for aquatic organisms. Avoid contaminating waterways.
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<b>Persistence/degradability</b>	For SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE: This material is biodegradable.
<b>Aquatic toxicity</b> 48hr LC50 (fish)	Very toxic to aquatic organisms. 0.07 - 5.9 mg/L.
<b>Acute Toxicity</b>	For SODIUM HYDROXIDE Fish Daphnia
	LC50 Gambusia affinis (mosquito fish) - 125mg/L - 96 h. EC50 (Daphnia magna): 76 mg/l/24h.

### 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal Considerations** Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses. Do not dispose of tank water bottoms by allowing them to drain into the ground. This will result in soil and groundwater contamination. Waste arising from a spillage or tank cleaning should be disposed of in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognised collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand.

### 14. Transport information

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for Transport by Road and Rail.

**Transport Information** Dangerous goods of Class 8 (Corrosive) are incompatible in a placard load with any of the following: Class 1, Class 4.3, Class 5, Class 6, if the Class 6 dangerous goods are cyanides and the Class 8 dangerous goods are acids, Class 7 and are incompatible with food and food packaging in any quantity. Not to be loaded on the same vehicle with strong acids.

**U.N. Number** 1824  
**UN proper shipping name** SODIUM HYDROXIDE, LIQUID  
**Transport hazard class(es)** 8  
**Hazchem Code** 2R  
**Packing Group** II



### 15. Regulatory information

**Regulatory Information** Listed in the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS).

**Poisons Schedule** S5

### 16. Other Information

**Date of preparation or last revision of SDS** 20 August 2015

**References** National Road Transport Commission, 'Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail 7th. Ed.', 2007.  
'Labeling of Hazardous Workplace Chemicals, Code of Practice' Safe Work Australia.  
Safe Work Australia, 'Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous Substances [NOHSC:1008(2004)]'.  
Safe Work Australia, 'Hazardous Substances Information System, 2005'.  
Safe Work Australia, 'National Code of Practice for the Labeling of Safe Work Hazardous Substances (2011)'.

THIS MSDS SUMMARISES OUR BEST KNOWLEDGE OF THE HEALTH AND SAFETY HAZARD INFORMATION OF THE PRODUCT AND HOW TO SAFELY USE THE PRODUCT IN THE WORKPLACE. EACH USER MUST REVIEW THIS MSDS IN THE CONTEXT OF HOW THE PRODUCT WILL BE HANDLED AND USED IN THE WORKPLACE.  
IF CLARIFICATION OR FURTHER INFORMATION IS NEEDED TO ENSURE THAT AN APPROPRIATE RISK ASSESSMENT CAN BE MADE, THE USER SHOULD CONTACT THIS COMPANY SO WE CAN ATTEMPT TO OBTAIN ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FROM OUR SUPPLIERS.